Turn Sequence

- 1. Command Phase
 - a. Elements may test morale in an attempt to remove suppression.
 - b. Elements may attempt to communicate. [expansion rule]
- 2. Fire Phase
 - a. Lay smoke. [expansion rule]
 - b. Support fire and Air Support. [expansion rule]
 - c. Speculative fire. [expansion rule]
 - d. Direct fire. HE/SA, AP, and Tank hunting.
- 3. Close Combat Phase
 - a. Resolve hand-to-hand combat and tank overruns.
 - b. Advance after combat.
- 4. Movement Phase
 - a. Friendly elements may move.
 - b. Non-combat elements are overrun.

Remove Suppression

- Roll 1d20, apply any modifiers and score 12 or more to succeed.
- Unmodified 1 causes the element to rout and be removed from play.
- +1 Friendly commander within 4
- +2 For each scenario designated objective captured
- + or Troop Quality
- -1 For every 3 friendly elements removed from play
- -1 Element within 4 of a table edge other than its own base edge
- -3 Unsupported.

AFVs are supported if they have AFVs within 4 or radio-equipped of same type within 8. Other troops are supported if they have a friendly combat element within 4. Supporting units may not be suppressed.

Troop Quality

| +2 |
|-------------|
| +1 |
| No Modifier |
| -1 |
| |

AP Fire – To Hit

- Roll 1d20. Score 12+ or unmodified 20 to hit.
 - +1 Target within range 4: ignored by range 4 or when suppressed
 - -1 Target over half range
 - -2 Target is in soft cover
 - -4 Target is in hard cover, hull-down or behind smoke
 - -1 Firer within 4 of a table edge other than its own base edge
- + or Firer's accuracy
- + or Target size
- + or Firer's Troop Quality

AP Fire - To Penetrate

- Calculate the Odds column: Firer's AP to Target's defence.
- Shift 1 column if within 4, ignored by range 4 or when suppressed
- Shift 1 column if the firer is to the target's side or rear.
- Roll 1d20 and apply any Troop Quality modifiers.

| Dice | 1:4 | 1:3 | 1:2 | 2:3 | 1:1 | 3:2 | 2:1 | 3:1 |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| roll | | | | | | | | |
| 1-7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | S | Κ |
| 8-10 | - | - | - | - | - | S | Κ | Κ |
| 11-14 | - | - | - | S | S | S | Κ | Κ |
| 15-17 | - | - | - | S | Κ | Κ | Κ | K |
| 18-20 | - | - | S | Κ | Κ | K | K | K |

Elements with an AP value of *

Mortars use 1:2 when attacking vehicles with an armour value of 2 or less or when attacking open topped vehicles or armoured cars.

SFMGs use 1:2 when attacking vehicles with an armour value of 2 or less. Mortars and SFMGs cannot damage other vehicles.

Flamethrowers automatically hit and use the 3:2 to resolve damage. Troop modifiers can apply but not columns shifts.

High Explosive or Small Arms (HE/SA) Fire

- Roll 1d20, add the firer's HE/SA value, subtract the target's defence.
 - +1 Target within range 4: ignored by firer with a range of 4 or when suppressed
 - -2 Target is in soft cover
 - -4 Target is in hard cover or behind smoke
 - -1 Firer within 4 of a table edge other than its own base edge
- + or Firer's Troop Quality
- +2 Cavalry that initiate close combat against elements in open, fields or dug-in. [expansion rule]

| Dice roll: -11 | 12-13 | 14-17 | 18+ |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| No Effect | F - Fall-back | S – Suppressed | K - Knocked out |

Combat Results

 \mathbf{F} = Elements in fortifications, dug in or under support or mortar fire & CSW ignore this result if suppressed, otherwise treating it as an 'S'. Other elements must immediately make two successive fall-back moves.

S = Element becomes suppressed. If already suppressed treat as 'K'. Suppressed elements:

- may only make fall-back moves.
- have their range limited to 4, have a restricted 90° field of fire.
- may not fire if contacted.

 \mathbf{K} = The element is removed from play. If there are multiple elements riding in a transport, a K result will cause only one transported element to be knocked out; select randomly. The transport and remaining elements will be suppressed.

Passengers riding in a transport, tank riders and limbered guns suffer the same fate as the vehicle. Passengers in a soft vehicle or on a tank must, and in an APC may, dismount on becoming suppressed. Tank riders will

automatically dismount if the vehicle is hit by AP without having damaged the vehicle.

Movement

| movement | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|-------|-----------|---------|-------|
| Element type | Road | Open | Rough | Difficult | Extreme | Track |
| Cmd | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Mech | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
| Inf | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| S | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
| Wh | 10 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| HD | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| CSW | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

To cross a **linear obstacle** takes ¹/₂ movement.

A vehicle that moves to its side or rear moves at 50%.

Limber, unlimber, embark or disembark

- CSW take one entire turn to limber, unlimber, embark or disembark.
- Man portable CSW may break down for movement, taking an entire turn to do so. Once broken down they move as infantry.
- Infantry may mount or dismount without movement penalty but not both in the same turn.

Fall-back is movement backwards: directly away from the enemy or directly towards its own home board edge. Vehicles can do this either by a 180° turn or by reversing. Fall-back is the only movement allowed to suppressed elements and empty transports.

Overrun

Non-combat elements (Commanders, FOO, empty Transport, etc) that are in base contact with enemy elements at the end of the movement phase are removed. A Commander should be replaced by removing a combat element in the commander's chain-of-command and placing the commander in its position. If no combat element exists that isn't in contact with the enemy then the commander isn't replaced.